

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

# KNACK® Insect Growth Regulator

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) serves different purposes than and DOES NOT REPLACE OR MODIFY THE EPA-APPROVED PRODUCT LABELING (attached to and accompanying the product container). This MSDS provides important health, safety, and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use, while the labeling provides that information specifically for product use in the ordinary course.

Use, storage and disposal of pesticide products is regulated by the EPA under the authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) through the product labeling. All necessary and appropriate precautionary, use, and storage, and disposal information is set forth on that labeling. It is a violation of federal law to use a pesticide product in any manner not prescribed on the EPA-approved label.

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: KNACK® Insect Growth Regulator

**VC NUMBER(S):** VC-1035 **ITEM:** 69705

**SYNONYM(S):** S-71639 0.86 EC

Pyriproxyfen 0.86 EC V-71639 0.86 EC

**EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER:** 59639-95

MANUFACTURER

VALENT USA CORPORATION P.O. Box 8025 1600 Riviera Avenue, Suite 200

Walnut Creek, CA 94596-8025

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS** 

HEALTH EMERGENCY OR SPILL (24 hr):

(800) 892-0099

TRANSPORTATION (24 hr.): CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 or (202) 483-7616

PRODUCT INFORMATION

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS: (800) 682-5368 PROFESSIONAL PRODUCTS: (800) 898-2536

The current MSDS is available through our website or by calling the product information numbers listed above. (www.valent.com)

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	Weight/ Percent	ACGIH Exposure Limits	OSHA Exposure Limits
Pyriproxyfen (2-[1-Methyl-2-(4-	10 - 12	None	None
phenoxyphenoxy)ethoxy] pyridine) * (95737-			
68-1)			
Others ** (No CAS#)	25 - 40	None	None
Total hydrocarbons (64742-94-5)	45 - 52	None	None
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	4 - 6	10 ppm TWA, 15 ppm STEL	10 ppm TWA,15 ppm STEL
		skin - potential for absorption	50 mg/m³ TWA, 75 mg/m³ STEL

- \* Active Ingredient
- \*\* Other ingredients, which are maintained as trade secrets, are any substances other than an active ingredient contained in this product. Some of these may be hazardous, but their identity is withheld because they are considered trade secrets. The hazards associated with the other ingredients are addressed in this document. Specific information on other ingredients for the management of exposures, spills, or safety assessments can be obtained by a treating physician or nurse by calling **1-800-892-0099** at any time.

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

#### **CAUTION**

- · Causes skin and eye irritation.
- · Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin.
- · Aspiration hazard, do not induce vomiting.
- · Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist.
- Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.
- · Keep out of reach of children.

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

#### **Acute Toxicity (Primary Routes of Exposure)**

**Signs and Symptoms of Systemic Effects:** The acute toxicity of this product is relatively low; transient, minimal signs of toxicity were observed in animals at high oral doses. This product contains a solvent mixture. Solvents, when inhaled, can cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects including dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possibly unconsciousness and even death. Ingestion of solvents can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration of low viscosity solvents can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

**Acute Eye Contact:** This product can cause brief and/or minor eye irritation. The expected adverse health effects resulting from an exposure may include redness and possible swelling.

**Acute Skin Contact:** This product can cause moderate skin irritation. The expected adverse health effects resulting from an exposure may include redness and swelling. This product is slightly toxic when absorbed through the skin. This product is not expected to cause allergic skin reactions.

**Acute Ingestion:** This product is slightly toxic when ingested.

Ingestion of this product may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Because of the low viscosity of this substance, it can directly enter the lungs if it is swallowed (this is called aspiration). This can occur during the act of swallowing or when vomiting the substance. Once in the lungs, the substance is very difficult to remove and can cause injury to the lungs and death.

**Acute Inhalation:** This product is minimally toxic when inhaled.

Exposure to high concentrations in the air may result in respiratory irritation. Signs and symptoms may include, but not be limited to, nasal discharge, sore throat, coughing and difficulty in breathing.

Chronic Toxicity (including cancer): Repeated high exposures to Pyriproxyfen Technical produced changes in the liver, kidney and red blood cells but did not produce cancer in test animals. Prolonged or repeated dermal exposures may cause drying, scaling and even blistering of the skin. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Symptoms include fatigue, concentration difficulties, anxiety, depression, rapid mood swings and short-term memory loss. The reports are not clear with regard to the types of solvents that may cause these symptoms, and there is controversy among scientists to whether the condition exists or is caused by this type of product. Since many other diseases cause some or all of these conditions, a doctor should be consulted if any appear. This product contains naphthalene which has been listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).

**Developmental Toxicity (birth defects):** No developmental toxicity was produced in animals exposed to Pyriproxyfen Technical, even at doses that were toxic to the pregnant animal.

Reproductive Toxicity: Pyriproxyfen Technical did not produce reproductive toxicity in animal studies.

**Potentially Aggravated Medical Conditions:** Individuals with preexisting diseases of the liver, kidney, red blood cell or central nervous system may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive exposures.

For complete discussion of the toxicology data from which this evaluation was made, refer to Section 11. For Regulatory Information, refer to Section 15.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### **EMERGENCY NUMBER (800) 892-0099**

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact **1-800-892-0099** for emergency medical treatment information.

#### **EYE CONTACT:**

Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

#### SKIN CONTACT:

Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

#### **INGESTION:**

Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### INHALATION:

Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

#### **NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:**

Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid, which can cause pneumonitis. If ingested, probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**FLASH POINT**: 152° F

FLASH POINT METHOD: SetaFlash Closed Cup

**AUTOIGNITION:** No data available

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR - LOWER (%):

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR - UPPER (%):

No data available

No data available

**NFPA RATING:** 

Health: 2
Flammability: 2
Reactivity: 0
Special: 0

(Least-0, Slight-1, Moderate-2, High-3, Extreme-4). These values are obtained using professional judgement. Values were not available in the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association, NFPA.

**FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:** Liquid evaporates and forms vapor (fumes) which can catch fire and burn with explosive violence. Invisible vapor spreads easily and can be set on fire by many sources such as pilot lights, welding equipment, and electrical motors and switches. Fire hazard is greater as liquid temperature rises above 85 degrees F.

Products of combustion from fires involving this material may be toxic. Avoid breathing smoke and mists. Avoid personnel and equipment contact with fallout and runoff. Minimize the amount of water used for fire fighting. Do not enter any enclosed area without full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing equipment. Contain and isolate runoff and debris for proper disposal. Decontaminate personal protective equipment and fire fighting equipment before reuse. Read the entire document.

**HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:** Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide, water vapor and may produce: Oxides of nitrogen. Incomplete combustion can produce carbon monoxide.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# VALENT EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: (800) 892-0099 CHEMTREC EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: (800) 424-9300 OBSERVE PRECAUTIONS IN SECTION 8: PERSONAL PROTECTION

Stop the source of the spill if safe to do so. Contain the spill to prevent further contamination of the soil, surface water, or ground water. For additional spill response information refer to the North American Emergency Response Guidebook.

#### FOR SPILLS ON LAND:

**CONTAINMENT:** Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Contain spilled liquids with dry sorbents.

**CLEANUP:** Clean up spill immediately. Absorb spill with inert material (such as dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Wash area with soap and water. Pick up wash liquid with additional absorbent and place in a chemical waste container.

#### FOR SPILLS IN WATER:

**CONTAINMENT:** This material forms an emulsion in water. Stop or reduce contamination of any water. Isolate contaminated water.

**CLEANUP:** Clean up spill immediately. Absorb spill with inert material. Remove contaminated water for treatment or disposal.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

END USER MUST READ AND OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS ON PRODUCT LABEL.

DO NOT USE OR STORE near flame, sparks or hot surfaces. Use only in well ventilated area. Keep container closed.

DO NOT weld, heat or drill container. Replace cap or bung. Emptied container still contains hazardous or explosive vapor or liquid.

Keep pesticide in original container. Do not store or transport near food or feed. Do not contaminate food or feed. Do not put concentrate into food or drink containers. Do not dilute concentrate in food or drink containers. Store in a cool, dry place, out of direct sunlight.

Do not store at temperatures below 32°F. If the product is exposed to temperatures below 32°F, thaw at room temperature to 50°F or warmer and shake gently to unify the product.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### END USER MUST READ AND OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS ON PRODUCT LABEL.

**EYES:** Do not get this material in your eyes. Eye contact can be avoided by wearing protective eyewear.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** Use this material only in well ventilated areas. Unless ventilation is adequate to keep airborne concentrations below recommended exposure standards, approved respiratory protection should be worn.

This material may be a respiratory irritant and, unless ventilation is adequate, the use of approved respiratory protection is recommended. Use this material only in well ventilated areas.

**SKIN PROTECTION:** Do not get on skin or clothing. Skin contact should be minimized by wearing protective clothing including coveralls worn over short-sleeved shirt and short pants, socks, chemical-resistant footwear and chemical-resistant gloves. Remove contaminated clothing.

**EXPOSURE LIMITS - See Section 2.** 

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

COLOR: Pale yellowish, clear
ODOR: Mild aromatic
BOILING POINT: No data available
BULK DENSITY: 7.65 lb./gallon (@ 20° C)

VAPOR PRESSURE:

pH:

VISCOSITY:

CORROSION CHARACTERISTICS:

Not applicable

5.7 (10% v/v)

18.5 cps

Not corrosive

**SOLUBILITY**: Emulsifiable in water

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable at normal ambient temperatures.

INCOMPATABILITY: None known

OXIDATION/REDUCTION PROPERTIES: Not an oxidizing or reducing agent.

**EXPLODABILITY:** Not explosive.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**ACUTE** (Product Specific Information):

#### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product produced brief and/or minor eye irritation in the eyes of test animals. **Eye Irritation:** 

(Toxicity Category III)

**Skin Irritation:** This product produced moderate skin irritation in animals. (Toxicity Category III)

The oral LD<sub>50</sub> in rats is 4733 mg/kg for males and 3773 mg/kg for females. (Toxicity **Oral Toxicity:** 

Category III)

**Dermal Toxicity:** The dermal LD<sub>50</sub> in rabbits is > 2000 mg/kg. (Toxicity Category III)

**Inhalation Toxicity:** The 4-hour inhalation LC<sub>50</sub> in rats is > 3.1 mg/L. (Toxicity Category IV)

This product was not a skin sensitizer in animals. **Skin Sensitization:** 

#### **TOXICITY OF PYRIPROXYFEN TECHNICAL**

SUBCHRONIC: Subchronic oral toxicity studies conducted with Pyriproxyfen Technical in the rat, mouse and dog indicate a low level of toxicity. Effects observed at high dose levels consisted primarily of decreased body weight; increased liver weights; histopathological changes in the liver and kidney; decreased red blood cell counts, hemoglobin and hematocrit; altered blood chemistry parameters; and, at 5000 and 10000 ppm in mice, a decrease in survival rates. The NOELs from these studies were 1000 ppm (149.4 mg/kg/day) in mice, 100 mg/kg/day in dogs and 400 ppm (23.5 mg/kg/day) in rats. In a 4 week inhalation study of Pyriproxyfen Technical in rats, decreased body weight and increased water consumption was observed at 1000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. The NOEL in this study was 482 mg/m<sup>3</sup>. A 21-day dermal toxicity study in rats with Pyriproxyfen Technical did not produce any signs of dermal or systemic toxicity at 1000 mg/kg/day.

CHRONIC/CARCINOGENICITY: Pyriproxyfen Technical has been tested in chronic studies with dogs, rats and mice. Dogs exposed to dose levels of 300 mg/kg/day or higher for 52 weeks showed overt clinical signs of toxicity, elevated levels of blood enzymes and liver damage. The NOEL in this study was 100 mg/kg/day. In a 78 week study in mice, dietary levels of 3000 ppm or greater produced gross and histopathological changes in the kidney. The NOEL in this study was 600 ppm. In a 2-year study in rats, dietary levels of 3000 ppm or greater produced decreased body weights in female rats. The NOEL in the rat study was 600 ppm. No oncogenic response was produced in mice or rats.

**DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY:** Tests for developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits were conducted with Pyriproxyfen Technical. In the study conducted with rats, maternal toxicity (mortality, decreased body weight gain and food consumption and clinical signs of toxicity) was observed at doses of 300 mg/kg/day and greater. The maternal NOEL was 100 mg/kg/day. A transient increase in skeletal variations was observed in rat fetuses exposed to 300 mg/kg/day and greater. The NOEL for prenatal developmental toxicity was 100 mg/kg/day. An increased incidence of visceral and skeletal variations was observed postnatally at 1000 mg/kg/day. The NOEL for postnatal developmental toxicity was 300 mg/kg/day. In the study conducted with rabbits, maternal toxicity (clinical signs of toxicity including one death, decreased body weight gain and food consumption, and abortions or premature deliveries) was observed at oral doses of 300 mg/kg/day or higher. The maternal NOEL was 100 mg/kg/day. No developmental effects were observed in the rabbit fetuses. The NOEL for developmental toxicity in rabbits was 1000 mg/kg/day.

**REPRODUCTION:** A dietary rat reproduction study was conducted with Pyriproxyfen Technical. Systemic toxicity (reduced body weights, histopathological changes in the liver and kidney, and increased liver weight) was produced at 5000 ppm. The systemic NOEL was 1000 ppm. No effects on reproduction were produced even at 5000 ppm, the highest dose tested.

MUTAGENICITY: Pyriproxyfen Technical was negative in the following tests for mutagenicity: Ames Assay with and without S9, unscheduled DNA synthesis in HeLa S3 cells, in vitro gene mutation in V79 Chinese hamster cells, and in vitro chromosomal aberration in Chinese hamster ovary cells.

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#### **TOXICITY OF OTHER INGREDIENTS:**

This product contains a solvent. Solvents, when inhaled, can cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects including dizziness, weakness, fatique, nausea, headache and possibly unconsciousness and even death. Ingestion of solvents can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Prolonged or repeated dermal exposures may cause drying, scaling and even blistering of the skin. Aspiration of low viscosity products can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Symptoms include fatigue, concentration difficulties, anxiety, depression, rapid mood swings and short-term memory loss. The reports are not clear with regard to the types of solvents that may cause these symptoms, and there is controversy amoung scientists to whether the condition exists or is caused by this type of product. Since many other diseases cause some or all of these conditions, a doctor should be consulted if any appear. Acute exposure to naphthalene by inhalation, ingestion, and dermal contact has been associated with hemolytic anemia, damage to the kidneys, cataracts, and, in infants, brain damage. There is limited evidence of fetal and maternal toxicity from exposure to naphthalene.

Chronic (long-term) exposure of workers and rodents to naphthalene has been reported to cause cataracts and damage to the retina. Lesions in the kidneys and thymus, signs of anemia, and reduced spleen weights have been observed in rats and mice chronically exposed via gavage. A National Toxicology Program (NTP) report states that lifetime inhalation exposure to naphthalene resulted in increases in tumors of the nose in rats. In another NTP study, lifetime inhalation exposure to naphthalene increased lung tumors in female mice. The relevance of the rodent findings to humans is unknown. Naphthalene has been listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).

For a summary of the potential for adverse health effects from exposure to this product, refer to Section 3. For information regarding regulations pertaining to this product, refer to Section 15.

#### **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 12.

**AVIAN TOXICITY:** 

Pyriproxyfen Technical is practically non-toxic to avian species. Test results include:

Oral LD<sub>50</sub> mallard duck: greater than 2000 mg/kg; Oral LD<sub>50</sub> bobwhite quail: greater than 2000 mg/kg; Dietary LC<sub>50</sub> mallard duck: greater than 5200 ppm; Dietary LC<sub>50</sub> bobwhite quail: greater than 5200 ppm; Reproduction bobwhite quail: NOEC = 600 ppm; Reproduction mallard duck: NOEC = 600 ppm

**AQUATIC ORGANISM TOXICITY:** Pyriproxyfen Technical is moderately to highly toxic to fish and moderately to very highly toxic to aquatic invertebrate species. Test results include:

Freshwater species:

LC<sub>50</sub> (96 hr) Bluegill Sunfish: greater than 270 µg/l; LC<sub>50</sub> (96 hr) Rainbow Trout: greater than 325 µg/l;

LC<sub>50</sub> (21 day) Rainbow Trout: 90 μg/l;

LC<sub>50</sub> (96 hr) Carp: 450 μg/l; LC<sub>50</sub> (96 hr) Killifish: 2660 µg/l; EC<sub>50</sub> (48 hr) Daphnia magna: 400 µg/l; MATC (21 day) Daphnia magna: 20 ppt;

MATC (Early Life Cycle) Rainbow Trout: 5.4 µg/l.

Estuarine species:

LC<sub>50</sub> (96 hr) Sheepshead Minnow: greater than 1.02 ppm;

LC<sub>50</sub> (96 hr) Mysid Shrimp: 65 ppb;

EC<sub>50</sub> (96 hr) Oyster Shell Deposition: 92 ppb.

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OTHER NON-TARGET ORGANISM TOXICITY: Pyriproxyfen Technical is practically non-toxic to bees. The acute contact LC<sub>50</sub> in bees was greater than 100 µg/bee.

#### DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS 13.

#### END USERS MUST DISPOSE OF ANY UNUSED PRODUCT AS PER THE LABEL RECOMMENDATIONS.

**DISPOSAL METHODS:** Check government regulations and local authorities for approved disposal of this material. Dispose in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

#### TRANSPORT INFORMATION 14.

**DOT (ground) SHIPPING NAME:** Pesticides, liquid, non-regulated **DOT TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME:** Pyriproxyfen 12% solution

**DOT REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ):** 267 gallons (Naphthalene RQ=100 lb)

**UN/NA NUMBER:** Not applicable Not applicable. **HAZARD CLASS:** 

**REMARKS:** Regulated when shipped in bulk (>119 gal.)

**EXEMPTION REQUIREMENT:** 49 CFR 173.150

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

PESTICIDE REGULATIONS: All pesticides are governed under FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act). Therefore, the regulations presented below are pertinent only when handled outside of the normal use and applications of pesticides. This includes waste streams resulting from manufacturing/formulation facilities, spills or misuse of products, and storage of large quantities of products containing hazardous or extremely hazardous substances.

#### OTHER U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

Chemical Name	RCRA - U Series Wastes	Clean Water Act -	Clean Water Act Section
		Hazardous Substances	307
Pyriproxyfen (2-[1-Methyl-2-(4-phenoxyphenoxy)ethoxy] pyridine) * (95737-68-1)	None	Not listed	Not listed
Total hydrocarbons (64742-94-5)	None	Not listed	Not listed
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	Listed	Listed	Listed

CWA Section 311: A component of this product is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean

Water Act (40 CFR 110) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990. Discharge or spills that produce a visible sheen on either surface or in waterways/sewers that lead to surface

water must be reported to the National Response Center at 800-424-8802.

Chemical Name	SARA 313 Chemicals	SARA Section 302	CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ):
Pyriproxyfen (2-[1-Methyl-2-(4-phenoxyphenoxy)ethoxy] pyridine) * (95737-68-1)	Not listed	Not listed	None
Total hydrocarbons (64742-94-5)	Not listed	Not listed	None
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	0.1% de minimis concentration	Not listed	100 lb (45.4 kg)

Product Reportable Quantity (RQ): 267 gallons

SARA (311, 312):

Immediate Health: Yes Chronic Health: Yes Fire: Yes Sudden Pressure: No

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# KNACK® Insect Growth Regulator

Reactivity: No

Chemical Name	IARC - Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans)	IARC - Group 2A (Probably carcinogenic)	IARC - Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic)	NTP Carcinogen List
Pyriproxyfen (2-[1-Methyl-2-(4-phenoxyphenoxy)ethoxy] pyridine) * (95737-68-1)	No	No	No	Not listed
Total hydrocarbons (64742-94-5)	No	No	No	Not listed
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	No	No	X	Suspect Carcinogen

#### STATE REGULATIONS:

Each state may promulgate standards more stringent than the federal government. This section cannot encompass an inclusive list of all state regulations. Therefore, the user should consult state or local authorities. The state regulations reviewed include: California Proposition 65, California Directors List of Hazardous Substances, Massachusetts Right to Know, Michigan Critical Materials List, New Jersey Right to Know, Pennsylvania Right to Know, Rhode Island Right to Know and the Minnesota Hazardous Substance list. For Washington State Right to Know, see Section 2 for Exposure Limit information. For Louisiana Right to Know refer to SARA information listed under U.S. Regulations above.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65	California - Directors List of Hazardous Substances
Pyriproxyfen (2-[1-Methyl-2-(4-phenoxyphenoxy)ethoxy] pyridine) * (95737-68-1)	Not listed	Not listed
Total hydrocarbons (64742-94-5)	Not listed	Not listed
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	carcinogen, initial date 4/19/02	Listed

Chemical Name	MI - Critical Materials List	MA Right To Know	NJ Right To Know
Pyriproxyfen (2-[1-Methyl-2-(4-phenoxyphenoxy)ethoxy] pyridine) * (95737-68-1)	Not listed	Not listed	Listed
Total hydrocarbons (64742-94-5)	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	Not listed	Listed	Listed

Chemical Name	PA Right To Know	RI Right To Know	MN Hazardous Substance
Pyriproxyfen (2-[1-Methyl-2-(4-phenoxyphenoxy)ethoxy]	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
pyridine) * (95737-68-1)			
Total hydrocarbons (64742-94-5)	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	Listed	Listed	Listed

**California Proposition 65:** WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to

cause cancer.

**CANADIAN REGULATIONS:** 

WHMIS Hazard Class: Not determined

For information regarding potential adverse health effects from exposure to this product, refer to Sections 3 and 11.

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**REASON FOR ISSUE:** Change the Manufacturer's address, input MSDS into the new system, add a storage

statement and minor edits throughout.

MSDS NO.: 0136
EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER: 59639-95
REVISION NUMBER: 10

**REVISION DATE:** 08/15/2007 **SUPERCEDES DATE:** 02/21/2003

**RESPONSIBLE PERSON(S):** Valent USA Corporation, Corporate EH&S, (925) 256-2700

THE INFORMATION IN THIS MSDS IS BASED ON DATA AVAILABLE TO US AS OF THE REVISION DATE GIVEN HEREIN, AND BELIEVED TO BE CORRECT. CONTACT VALENT USA CORPORATON TO CONFIRM IF YOU HAVE THE MOST CURRENT MSDS.

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